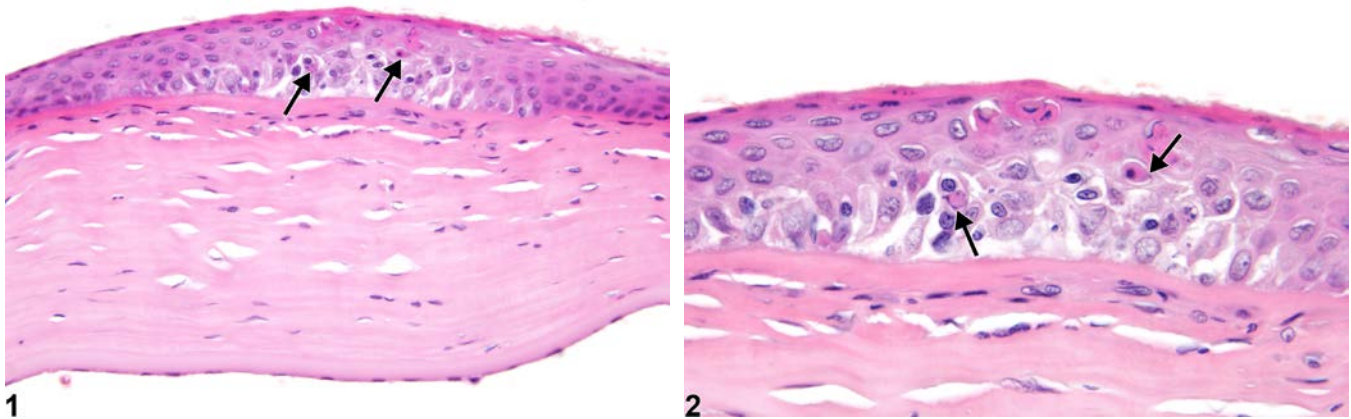


# NTP Nonneoplastic Lesion Atlas

## Eye, Cornea – Necrosis



**Figure Legend:** **Figure 1** Eye, Cornea - Necrosis in a female F344/N rat from a chronic study. There are shrunken, hyper eosinophilic, necrotic cells (arrows) and corneal epithelial hyperplasia. **Figure 2** Eye, Cornea - Necrosis in a female F344/N rat from a chronic study (higher magnification of Figure 1). Shrunken, hyper eosinophilic, necrotic cells (arrows) are present in the hyperplastic corneal epithelium.

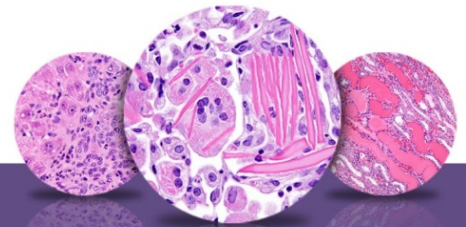
**Comment:** Necrosis of corneal epithelial cells is characterized by shrunken, hyper eosinophilic necrotic cells (suggestive of single-cell necrosis) are scattered through the epithelium (Figure 1 and Figure 2). The cells may also appear to have lost their attachments to adjacent cells. Epithelial necrosis can progress to erosion and ulceration. Other corneal cell types (e.g., corneal endothelial cells and stromal keratocytes) can also undergo necrosis. Corneal epithelial necrosis may be accompanied by epithelial hyperplasia or inflammation.

**Recommendation:** Corneal necrosis should be diagnosed whenever present and assigned a severity grade. The subtopography of corneal necrosis (epithelium, endothelium, stroma) can be described in the pathology narrative. Associated lesions (e.g., inflammation) should be diagnosed separately.

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## *Eye, Cornea – Necrosis*

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