





An Update from the Department of Defense for the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods

Dawn C. Fitzhugh, VMD, MPH Associate Director, Animal Protection Program Human Performance, Training, and BioSystems Directorate Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering





 Provide an update on the Department's activities related to alternative methods for toxicology testing for the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods (ICCVAM) Public Forum





- The Animal Protection Program's mission is to ensure compliance with Department of Defense Instruction 3216.01, "Use of Animals in DoD Programs"
- This Instruction states that alternatives to animal use shall be used whenever possible to obtain the objectives of testing if such alternative methods produce scientifically valid or equivalent results



Implementation



- Relevant organizations have come together to form the Tri-Services Toxicology Consortium for the purpose of sharing knowledge and ideas, collaborating on projects, and implementing best practices
 - U.S Army Center for Environmental Health Research
 - U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Chemical Defense
 - U.S. Army Edgewood Chemical Biological Center
 - Air Force Research Laboratories
 - Inclusive of the 711/Human Performance Wing
 - U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Engineer Research and Development Center
 - U.S. Army Public Health Command, Army Institute of Public Health
 - Navy Medical Research Unit





- Phased approach to evaluating new compounds assists in eliminating compounds prior to *in vivo* work
 - Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships Analysis (QSAR)
 - In vitro methods such as Neutral Red Uptake, Microtox, and Ames assays
 - Further testing based upon outcomes of initial tests may include *in vitro* dermal penetration, irritation and sensitization, chromosome aberration and gene mutation tests, and *ex vivo* organ slice culture
- Organizational areas of focus
 - Adverse Outcome Pathways (AOP), Physiologically Based Pharmacokinetic (PBPK) modeling, QSAR approaches, toxicogenomics, proteomics, metabolomics, biomarker development, nanotoxicology, and developing *ex vivo*, 3-D or co-culture models for addressing DoDspecific concerns (e.g., fuels, munitions, nanoparticles)



DARPA: Microphysiological Systems Program



Develop an *in vitro* platform that uses <u>human</u> tissues to evaluate the efficacy and toxicity of medical countermeasures.



In other words, build a human-on-a-chip:

- All ten human physiological systems will be functionally represented by human tissue constructs:
 - Circulatory
 - Endocrine
 - Gastrointestinal
 - Immune
 - Integumentary
- Nervous

Musculoskeletal

- Reproductive
- Respiratory
- Urinary
- Tissue viability for at least 4 weeks
- Commercialization plan





