Research and Resources for the *Leptospirosis*, Microbiology and Infectious Diseases Research Community

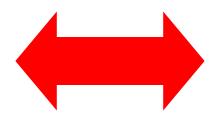
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NIAID Infectious Disease Research: A Dual Mandate

Maintain and "grow" a robust basic and applied research portfolio in microbiology, immunology, and clinical research



Respond rapidly to new infectious disease threats



The National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

Conducts and supports basic and applied research to better understand, treat, and ultimately prevent infectious, immunologic, and allergic diseases



NIAID Organizational Structure



Office of the Director

Anthony S. Fauci, M.D. Director



Hugh Auchincloss, Jr., M.D. Principal Deputy Director

Gray Handley
Associate Director for
International Research
Affairs





Deputy Director for Science Management John J. McGowan, Ph.D.

Deputy Director for Clinical Research and Special Projects

H. Clifford Lane, M.D.





Division of Clinical Research H. Clifford Lane, M.D. Director



Division of Extramural
Activities

Matthew J. Fenton, Ph.D.
Director



Division of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome Carl W. Dieffenbach, Ph.D.

Director



Division of Allergy, Immunology, and Transplantation Daniel Rotrosen, M.D. Director



Vaccine Research Center Gary J. Nabel, M.D., Ph.D. Director



Division of Intramural Research Kathryn C. Zoon, Ph.D. Director



Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases Carole A. Heilman, Ph.D. Director

The Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases (DMID)

Supports extramural basic through applied research to control and prevent diseases caused by virtually all human infectious agents except HIV

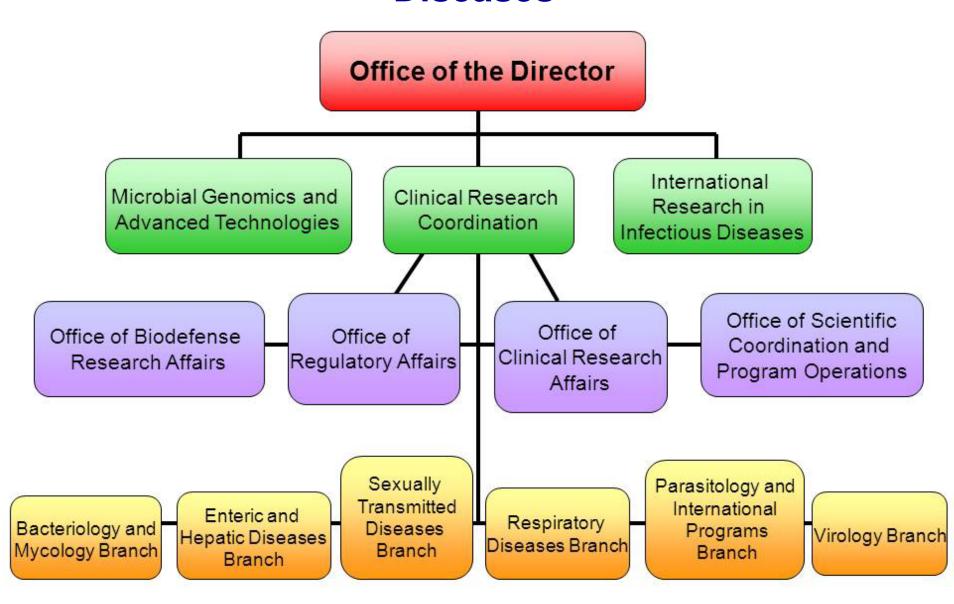


Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases

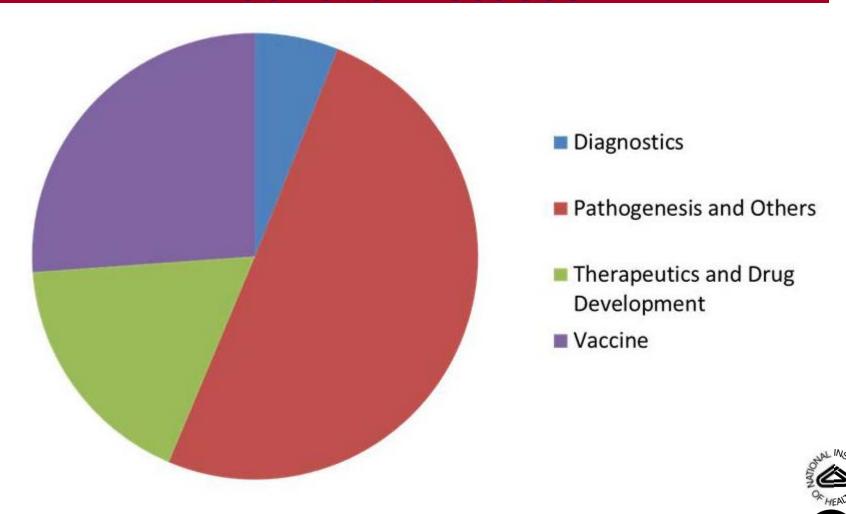
- Fundamental biomedical research
 - Basic Research (major)
 - Product development
 - Clinical trials
 - Global health
 - Microbial genomics
 - Emerging and reemerging diseases
- >293 different pathogens



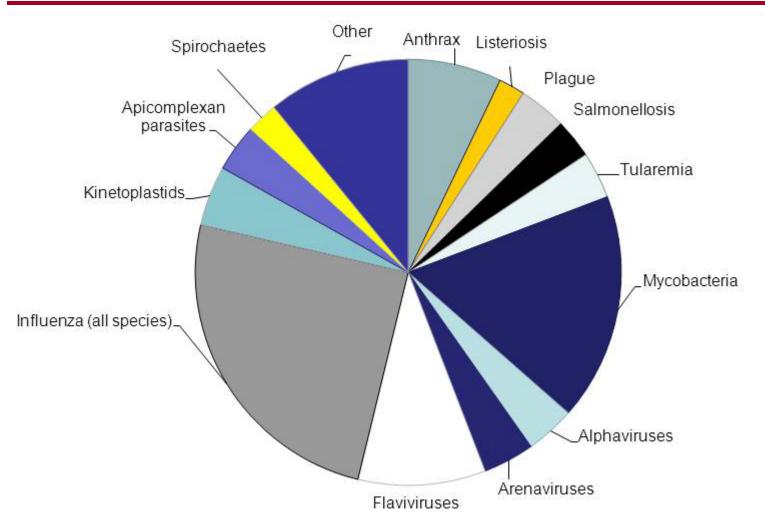
Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases



Distribution of NIAID FY '11 Funded Projects for Zoonotic Diseases



Distribution of NIAID FY '11 Funded Projects for Zoonotic Diseases



Overview of Research on *Leptospirosis* at NIAID



Selected Topics in Basic Research

NIAID-funded PI's are studying *Leptospira* including those that causes human fatality. Studies are focused on understanding:

- The basic mechanisms of *leptospira* pathogenesis (highest number of funded Pl's).
- The role of pathogen-expressed immunogenic determinants in establishing an infection.
- The role of host-immunology.
- Pulmonary hemorrhaging.



Basic Research (Cont.)

- The determinants of clinical outcome.
- How to develop better diagnostics.
- How to improve interventional and prevention procedures (including future vaccines).



Leptospira: Genome Sequencing (by NIAID Genome Sequencing Centers)

Over 250 globally diverse serovars of *Leptospira* including those that caused human fatality, are being sequenced to understand global, regional and clinical diversity (JCVI-Rockville). The goals are to:

- Delineate taxonomic and phylogenetic relationships among Leptospira species.
- Understand the mechanisms of leptospirosis pathogenesis and determinants of clinical outcome
- Provide comparative genomics to examine genetic variation in populations of pathogens



Leptospira: Clinical Proteomics

- Development and validation of a universal protein microarray fabrication and probing platform that can be used to profile the humoral immune response to infection of any organism on a genome-wide scale.
- Enable human specimens to be quickly screened for evidence of exposure to species causing febrile illness including other *Leptospire* species.
- Reference protein-array containing over 3,667 important proteins encoded by the organism has been made and currently being tested.
- Outcomes will help develop diagnostic markers and vaccine candidates



Leptospira: Natural History Research

Conduct study in the endemic regions with high mortality rate (urban slums South America and rural settings in Asia) with goals are to understand:

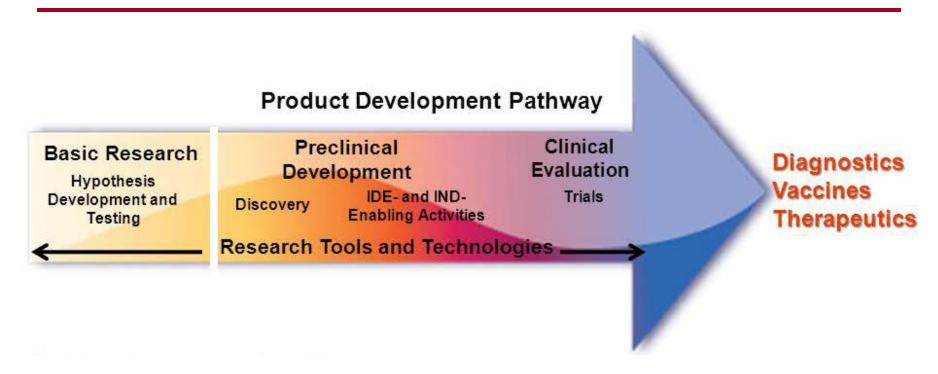
- The human risk factors.
- The dynamics of host-reservoir.
- The determinants of clinical outcome.
- Develop better measures for prevention and treatment.



Resources for Researchers Overview



Resources for Researchers



- Funding opportunities
 - Research tools and technologies
 - Preclinical and clinical services to facilitate product development

Funding Opportunities

Apply for grants or contracts

- NIH-Wide Funding Opportunity Announcements
- NIAID Funding Opportunity Announcements and Requests for Proposals



Research Tools and Technologies

Product Development Pathway

Basic Research

Hypothesis Development and Testing Preclinical Development

Discovery

IDE- and IND-Enabling Activities Clinical Evaluation

Trials

search Tools and Technologies.



- · Biological resources repository
- Sequencing, genotyping, and protein biomarker discovery
- Data, databases, and bioinformatics tools
- Biocontainment facilities

Diagnostics Vaccines Therapeutics



Preclinical Services to Support Product Development



Diagnostics
Vaccines
Therapeutics

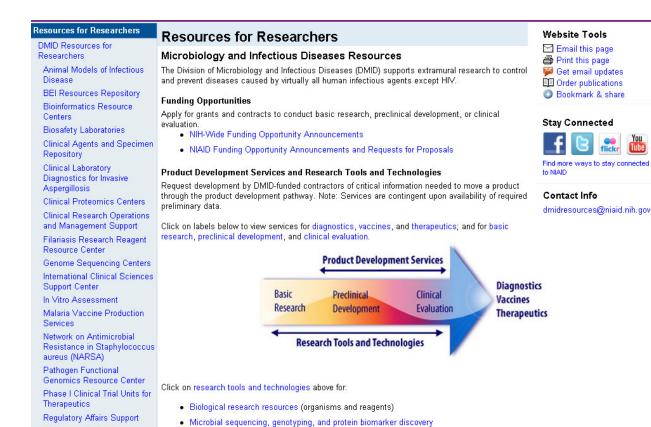


Clinical Services to Support Product Development





DMID Resources for Researchers





. Data, databases, and bioinformatics tools

Biocontainment facilities

Schistosomiasis Resource

Statistics and Data Coordinating Center

Center

Thank You

