Actions on Draft NTP Monograph on Health Effects of Low-Level Lead Peer Review Panel Meeting on November 17-18, 2011

The NTP Monograph Peer-Review Panel (“the Panel”) was convened on November 17-18, 2011, to peer review the draft NTP Monograph on Health Effects of Low-Level Lead (Pb). Summary meeting minutes will be prepared and posted to the NTP website when completed (http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/36639). The Panel’s recommendations for the draft monograph are given below and do not necessarily represent the opinion of the NTP. The NTP will consider the Panel’s input in finalizing the NTP Monograph. When completed, the monograph will be published on the NTP website (http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/evals).

Immune Effects
The Panel accepted unanimously (8 yes, 0 no, 0 abstentions) the conclusions in Table 5.4: NTP conclusions on immune effects of low-level Pb, with one modification. The Panel recommended limited evidence for effects of blood Pb <10µg/dl on increased serum IgE in children.

Cardiovascular Effects
The Panel accepted (7 yes, 1 no, 0 abstentions) the conclusions in Table 6.8: Conclusions on cardiovascular effects of low-level Pb, with one modification. The Panel recommended limited evidence for effects of blood Pb <10µg/dl on cardiovascular mortality in adults.

Reproductive and Developmental Effects
The Panel accepted unanimously (8 yes, 0 no, 0 abstentions) the conclusions in Table 8.6: NTP conclusions on reproductive and developmental effects of low-level Pb, with one modification. The Panel recommended blood Pb level for sufficient evidence in women for Reduced Fetal Growth and Lower Birth Weight be <5µg/dL.

Renal Effects
The Panel accepted unanimously (8 yes, 0 no, 0 abstentions) the conclusions as written in Table 7.5: NTP conclusions on kidney effects of low-level Pb.

Neurological Effects
The Panel accepted unanimously (8 yes, 0 no, 0 abstentions) the conclusions in Table 4.3: NTP conclusions on neurological effects of low-level Pb, with several modifications. The Panel recommended sufficient evidence for effects of blood Pb levels <5µg/dL on Cognitive Function; IQ in children. The Panel recommended sufficient evidence for effects of blood Pb levels <10µg/dL and limited evidence for effects
of blood Pb levels <5µg/dL for Neurodegeneration: Essential Tremor in adults. The Panel pointed out that one study was available to support the NTPs conclusion of *inadequate* evidence for prenatal effects on Sensory Function: Visual. The Panel recommended the term "Behavior: ADHD" be changed to “Attention-related Behaviors”.

The Panel recommended unanimously (8 yes, 0 no, 0 abstentions) the overall NTP conclusions, there is *sufficient* evidence that blood Pb levels <5µg/dL are associated with adverse neurological effects in children and there is *limited* evidence in adults for blood Pb levels <10µg/dL.