

NTP's Proposed Approach to Study Design for Genomic Dose-Response Modeling

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Approach to Genomic Dose-Response Modeling
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- Traditional toxicity assessments are designed/powerd for pairwise statistical analysis with the goal of identifying No Observed Effect Levels
 - Example design: 3 dose levels and control, 10 biological replicates/dose group
- This approach is often not conducive to applying a Dose-Response modeling approach such as Benchmark Dose
 - Not enough dose levels to estimate an acceptable curve fit, particularly when there is **little prior knowledge of the dose-response relationship**
- For GDRS studies NTP proposes to use a BMD focused study design
 - More dose levels fewer biological replicates
 - Example design: 10-12 dose levels, 3 biological replicates/dose group
 - Will allow for better coverage of the numerous dose-response relationships in each study, more confident fits of the data and greater certainty in the BMD estimates for the features

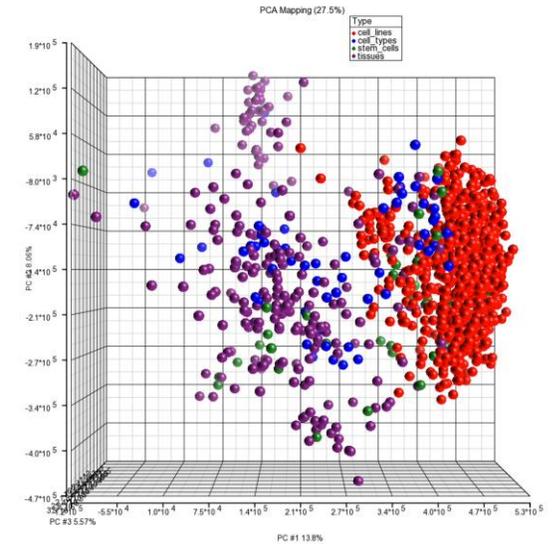


- **Sex/Strain/Species:** Male Sprague Dawley Rat
 - Historical precedent, Legacy data that will help with interpretation
- **Duration:** 5 Days (5 doses, 1 per day, Euthanize 24 hours after last dose)
 - Thomas *et. al*, 2013, showed transcriptional POD from 5 days approximated PODs from apical endpoints including cancer
- **Target Organ Selection:** Liver and expert selected targets
 - Most studies will be done by the oral route
 - Liver is common target organ and often responds to effects in other organs/tissues
 - Other organs selected based on expert review of available data
- **Top dose selection:** 5 day Maximum Tolerated Dose
 - To ensure clear response at the top dose level and ensure the identification of responsive features and improved model fitting



In Vitro Study Design Parameters

- **Species:** Human
 - Tox21 is focused on modeling human responses
- **Sex:** Determined by availability
- **Duration:** Expert determination
 - Goal: Employ timepoint that maximizes response to test article
- **Cell Type(s):** Organotypic, Commonly Used, Broad Query Biological Space
 - Better modeling of target tissue responses, link/leverage existing data, diversity of response
- **Top dose selection:** LC20 (where feasible)
 - Allows more effective identification of responsive features which can then be modeled more accurately in the lower dose range





- BMD-centric design
- In vivo parameters
 - Male rats, 6-8 weeks of age
 - 5 day repeat dose
 - Liver and other expert selected organs
 - Use of a 5 day maximum tolerated dose
- In vitro parameters
 - Organotypic culture
 - Top dose selection: LC20
- Other variables to consider
 - More time points?
 - Identifying response maximum?
 - Link cause and effect?
 - Phenotypic anchoring?